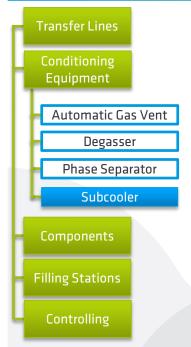
PRODUCT SHEET SUBCOOLER



The presence of boil-off gas within a vacuum insulated transfer line, created by static and dynamic losses, may reduce the functionality or capacity of your system. Vacuum-insulated subcoolers are used to condition two-phase cryogenic gases into a one-phase flow. With this one-phase flow, control systems can operate better and become more stable. Stabilisation of control systems reduces over-spillage, and sometimes transfer line diameters can be downsized.

The liquid nitrogen subcooler consists of a heat exchanger submerged in a bath of liquid nitrogen at atmospheric pressure. By diverting some liquid from the incoming process line to the atmospheric bath, the system is self-supplying. The level inside the atmospheric bath is automatically controlled by a combination of an electro-pneumatic (regulating) valve, level sensor and level controller.



BENEFITS

One-phase flow allows better and stable temperature control

Possibility of spraying liquid on products

Works ideally in situations when the nitrogen supply from a bulk tank becomes unstable

FEATURES

All stainless steel design

Vertical orientation

Universal inlets and outlets with Demaco Johnston bayonet couplings

Up to 16 bar working pressure

Integrated DC-LS-050 capacitive level sensor

Electro-pneumatic valve for filling atmospheric bath

Standard cleanliness: Process clean

PED approved design with CE certificate

APPLICATION

Directly after bulk storage tank to maintain one-phase flow of large consumptions

At the end of transfer lines directly before consuming machine(s)

Freeze tunnels in food industries or aluminium extruders

STANDARD STOCK MODELS

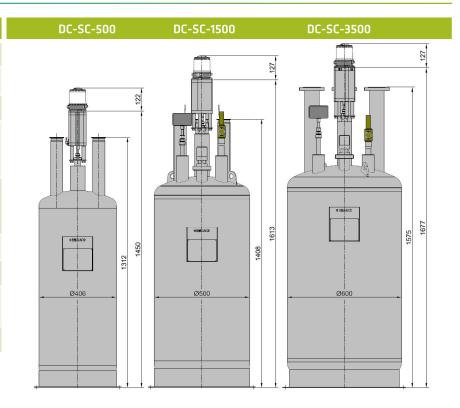
Cooling Spirals	Max mass flow [kg/h] ⁽¹
1	500
3	1500
7	3500
	1

(1)Large gas volumes in pre-supplied liquid results in less cooling capacity



PRODUCT SHEET SUBCOOLER

TECHNICAL DATA	
Positioning	Indoor / Outdoor
Ingress protection	IP65
Ingress protection	Vertical
Design pressure - Spiral - Bath	PN 18 PN 0,5
Working pressure - Spiral - Bath	Max. 16 barg Atmospheric
Level indication	Capacitive
Safety precautions	Pressure relief valve
Power supply	24/110/240 VAC or 24 VDC
Pneumatic supply	Minimum 6 barg



OPTIONS

2x PT100 to measure inlet and outlet temperature

Regulating filling valve

Two media coolers

Oxygen clean on request

FDA certification on request

MATERIALS

Inner vessel and cooling spiral 1.4301/1.4306/1.4307 ~304(L)

Vacuum Jacket

1.4301/1.4306/1.4307 ~304(L)

Spacers

Epoxy-reinforced glass-fibre

Multi-Layer Insulation

Glass paper and Aluminium foil

Johnston bayonet coupling

Fe36Ni and Buna N

(1) Large gas volumes in pre-supplied liquid results in less cooling capacity

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

Standard according to Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)

Design according to AD2000

Cleanliness level:

Cleaned oil and fat-free, inspected for process

clean

Oxygen clean on request

Static vacuum with Multi-Layer Insulation

Standard testing for each subcooler:

Dimensional check

Pressure test

NDE by X-ray or PT

Helium leak test (<1x10-9 mbarL/sec)

Vacuum retention test after 24h at ambient

temp. (acceptance level <2x10-4 mbar)

Functional test at -196°C

DOCUMENTATION

A standard manufacturer data book record is part of each project and contains:

As-built isometrics (if applicable)

Safety guidelines

User manuals

Declaration of conformity

